



# Trigger studies with $D^*$ sample

S.Burdin, A.Nomerotski Trigger Workshop 10/31/2003

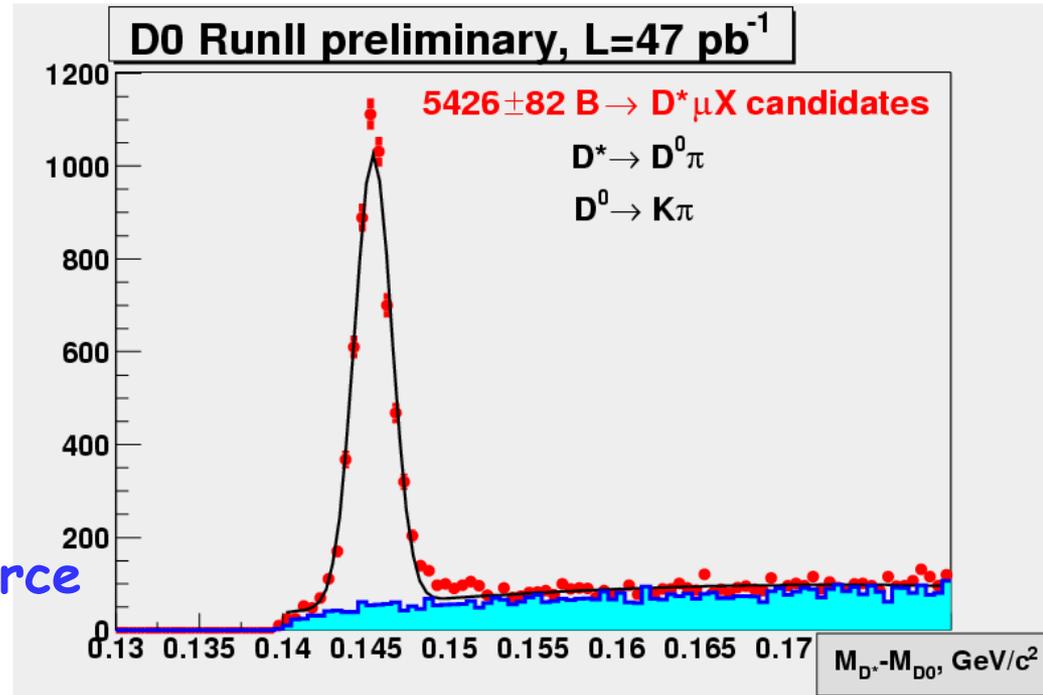
D0 has a broad B physics program which includes

- Precision SM measurements
  - ◆ Lifetime measurements
  - ◆  $B_d$  oscillation measurements
  - ◆ CP effects in B mesons
  - ◆  **$B_s$  oscillation measurements (currently accessible only at Tevatron)**
- Rare and exotic B decays
- Searches for new B states ( $B_c$ , b baryons/hyperons)
- Cross section measurements
  
- D0 has comparable or better yields for leptonic modes of B wrt CDF - we are competitive
- Many analyses (including  $B_s$  oscillations) will be statistically limited even for a few  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  scale luminosity



# D\* sample

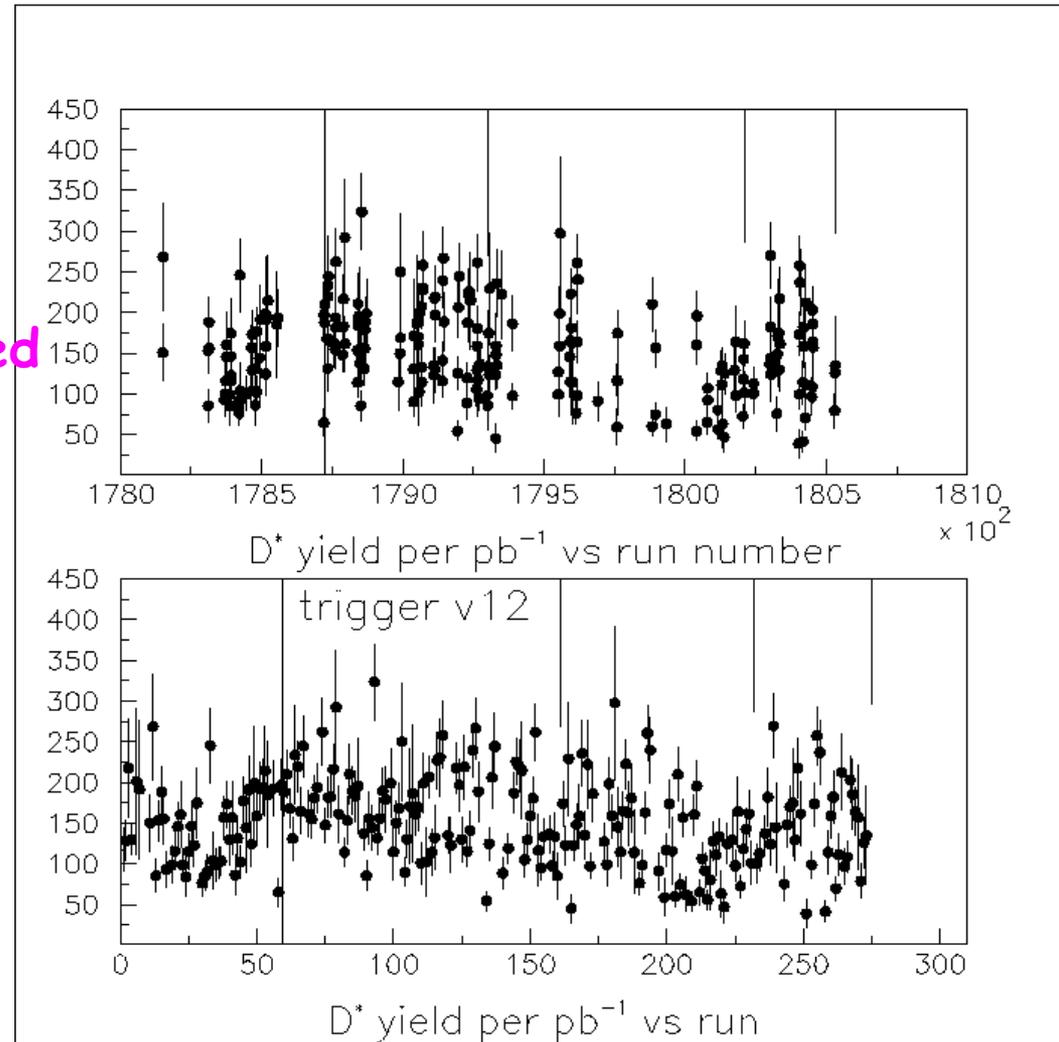
- Used clean sample of D\* to look
  - ◆ Yield
  - ◆ Time dependence
  - ◆ Luminosity dependence
  - ◆ Other basic distributions
  - ◆ Triggers
- D\* has typical kinematics - results can be propagated to other channels
- D\* sample itself will be a source of interesting physics
  - ◆ Neutral B lifetime
  - ◆ B\_d oscillations
  - ◆ Testing grounds for B\_s mixing analyses





# Time dependence

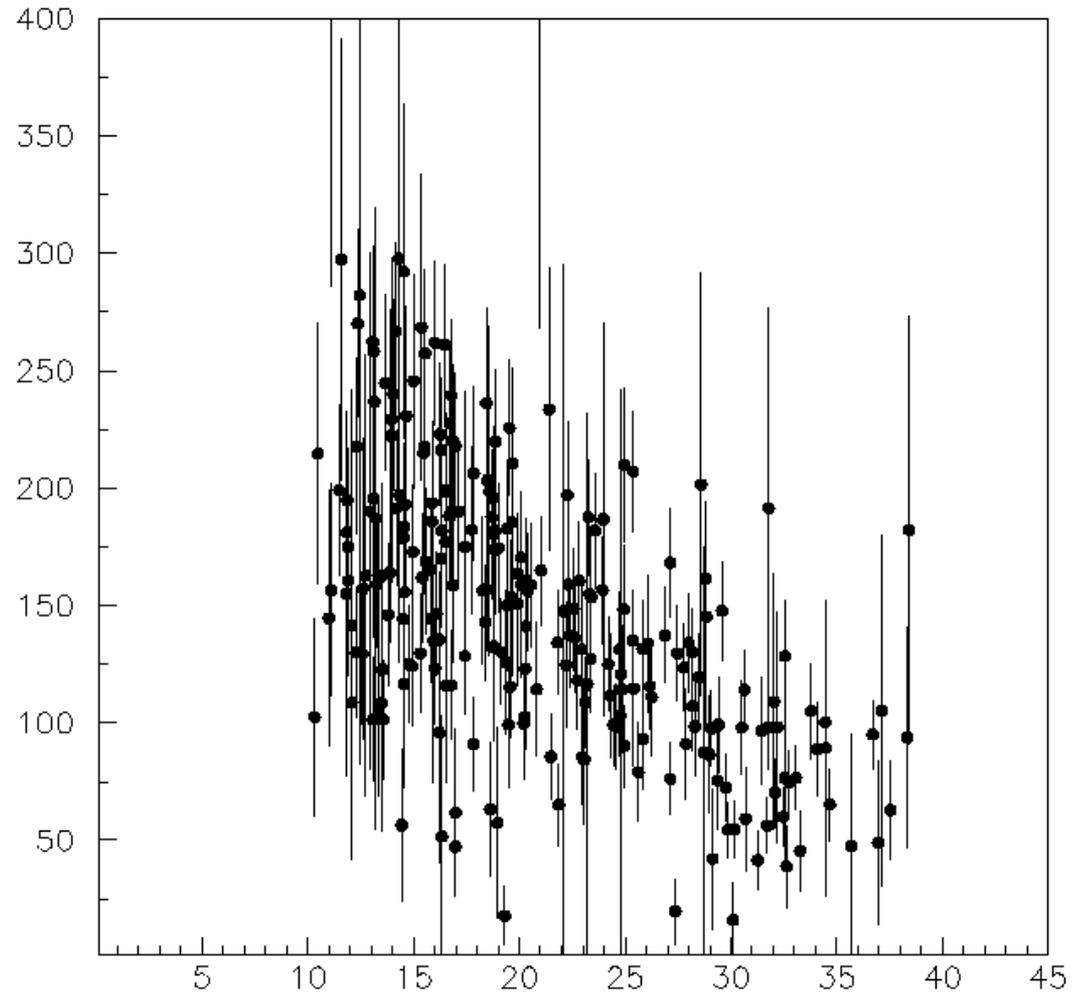
- Number of  $D^*/\text{pb}^{-1}$  vs time
  - ◆ Corresponds to  $\sim$  last summer
  - ◆ No abnormalities observed
  - ◆ Spread explained by luminosity, next slide





# Luminosity dependence

- Prescales at work :  
 $D^*$  yield falls with increasing luminosity
- This is NOT due to efficiency (see next slide)
- The most interesting measurements (like  $B_s$  mixing) will be statistically limited - yield is as important for us as for other groups

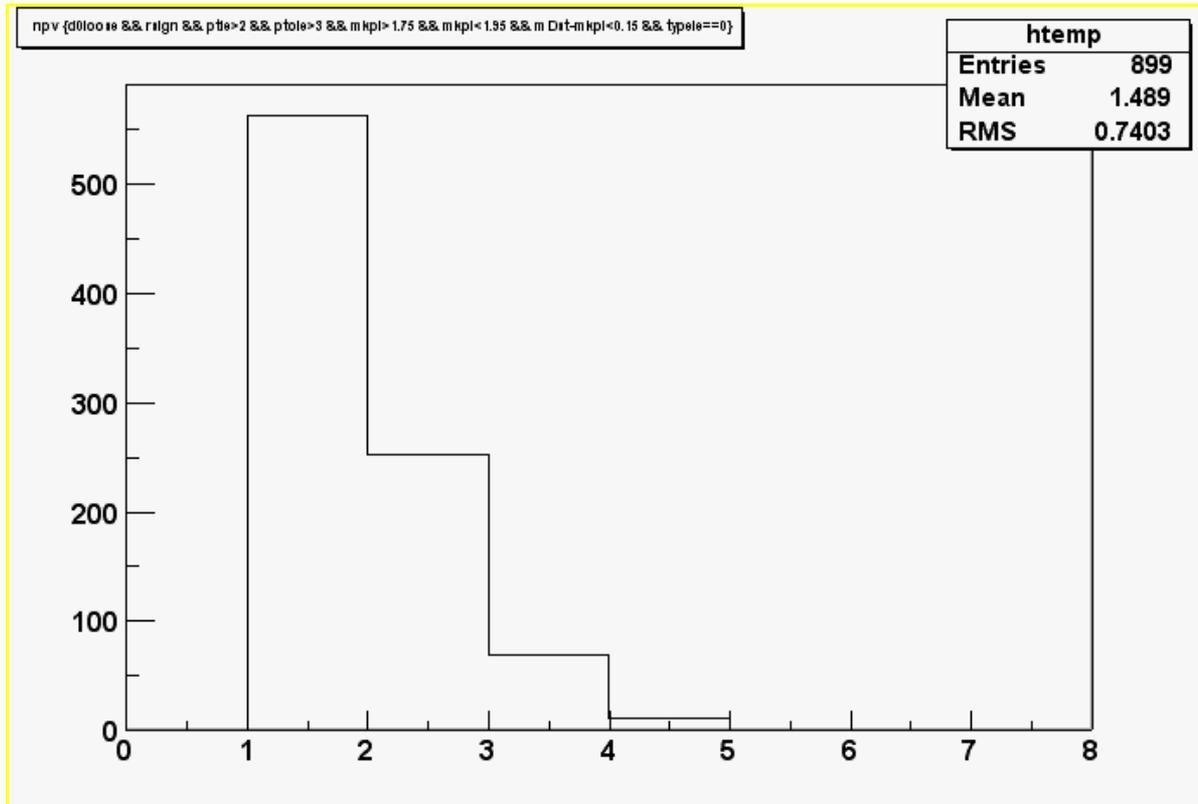


$D^*$  yield per  $\text{pb}^{-1}$  vs average run luminosity  $\times 10^{30}$



# Luminosity dependence

- $D^*$  vs # of primary vertices in event
  - ◆ Consistent with luminosity =>
  - ◆ Reconstruction efficiency is high and depends weakly on # PV



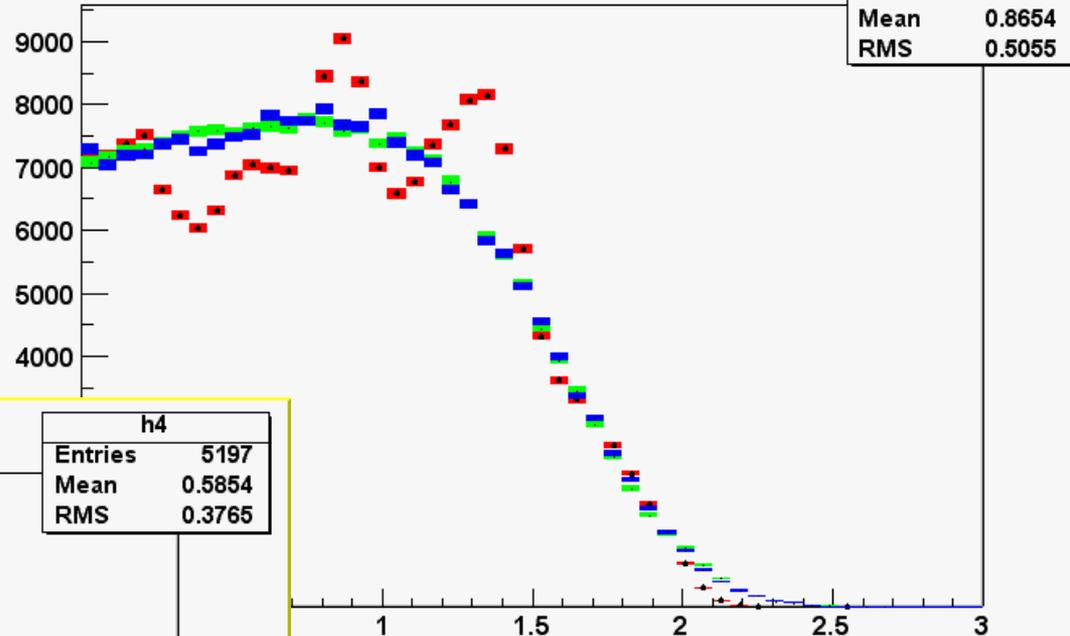


# Eta and Pt distributions

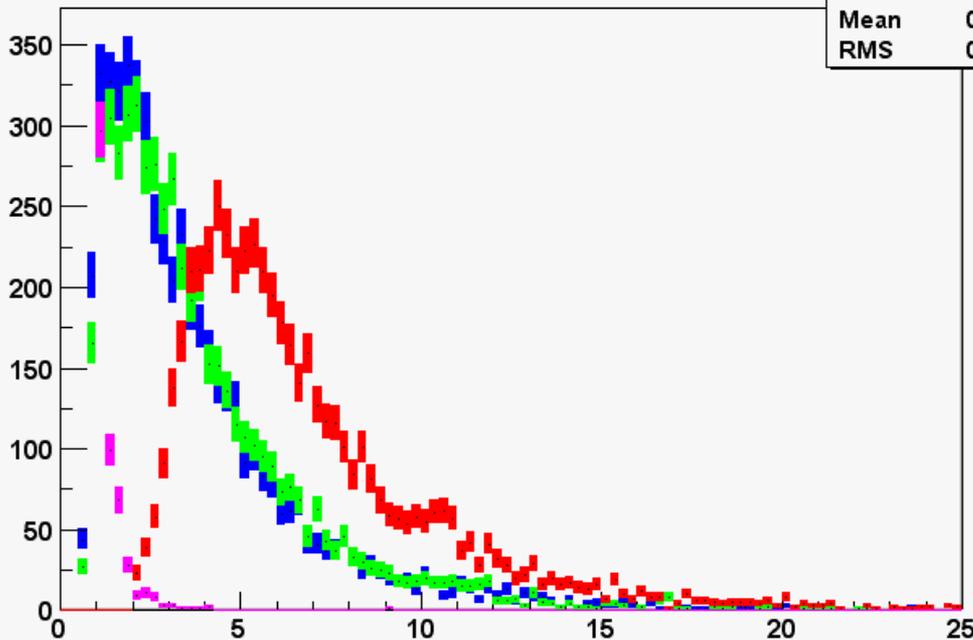
- $D^*$  sample

- ◆ Muon
- ◆ Kaon
- ◆ Pion
- ◆ Soft pion

muon eta in  $D^*$  sample



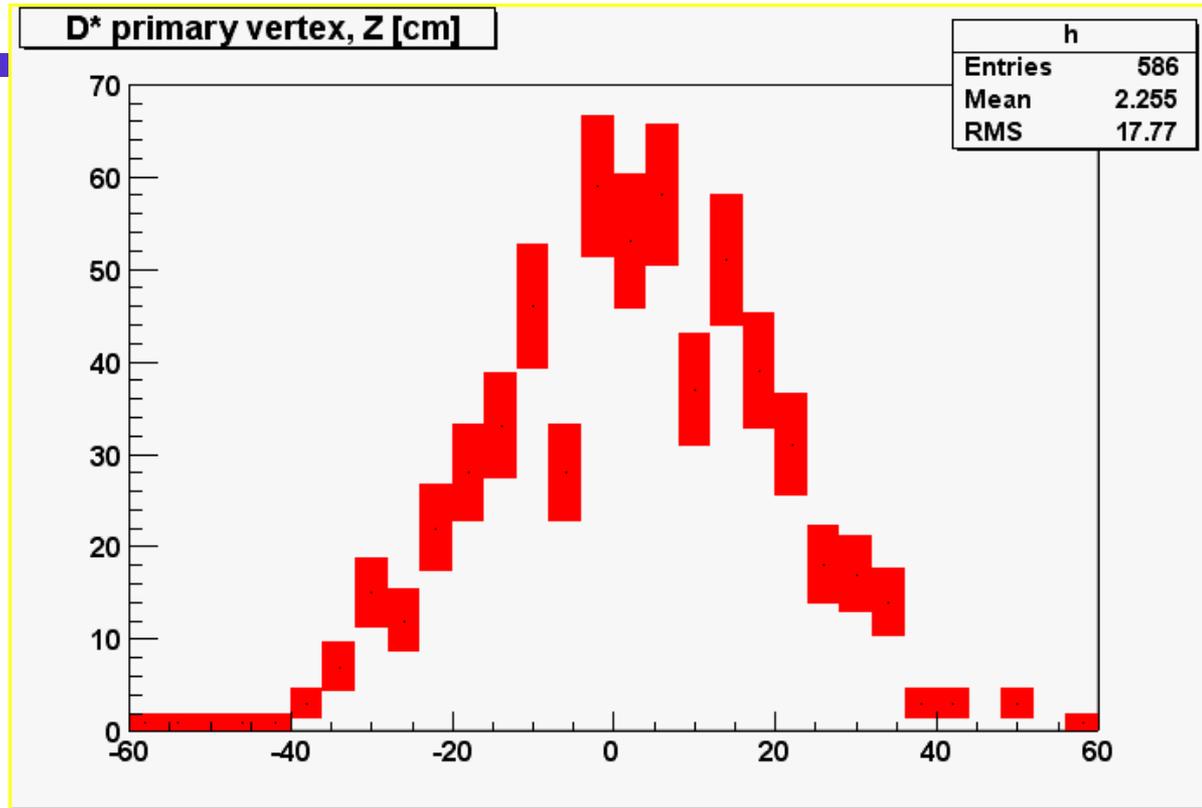
kaon Pt in  $D^*$  sample



- Eta is biased by
  - ◆ L1/2/3 muon triggers
  - ◆ CFT at L3/offline
- Pt is biased by
  - ◆ Muon triggers
  - ◆ Lifetime offline cuts



# PV Z distribution

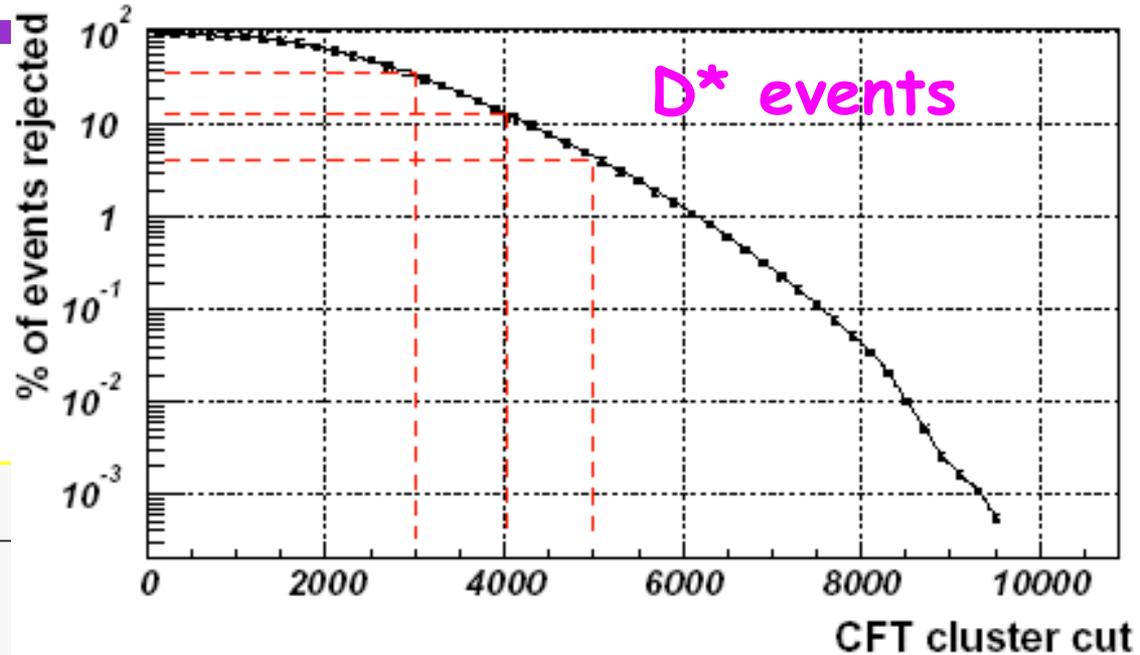


- SMT fiducial volume cut
- Cut at  $|z| < 35$  cm has 95% efficiency for D\*
  - ◆ Confirmed by other signal samples (B, Bs, /\b)

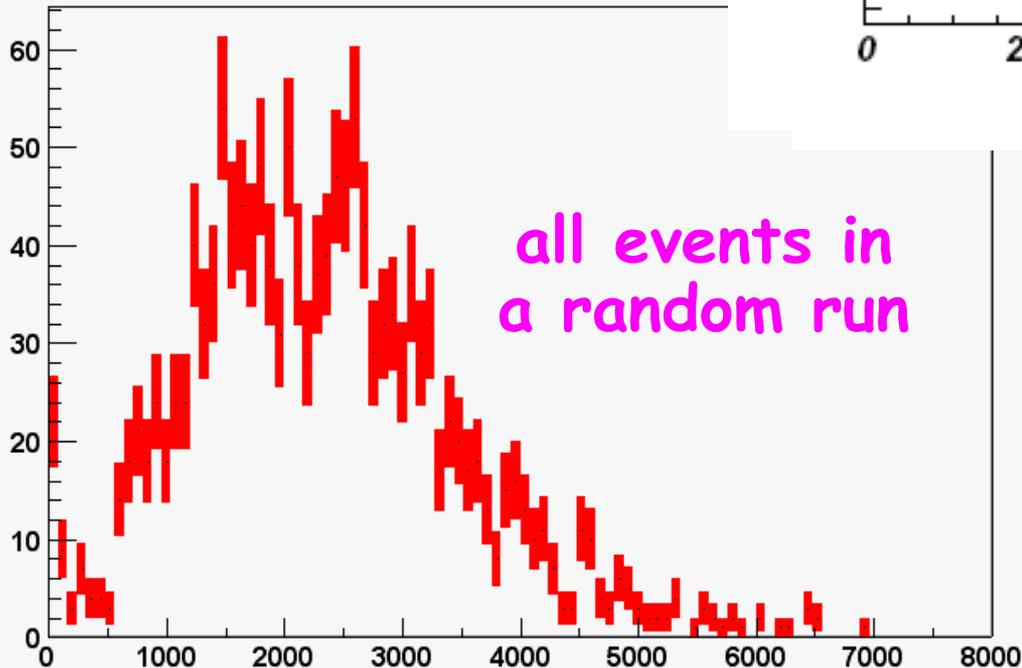


# Cut on total # of CFT clusters?

- Cut at 5000 has 98% efficiency for  $D^*$  events
- Does not cut off much in data but (next slide)



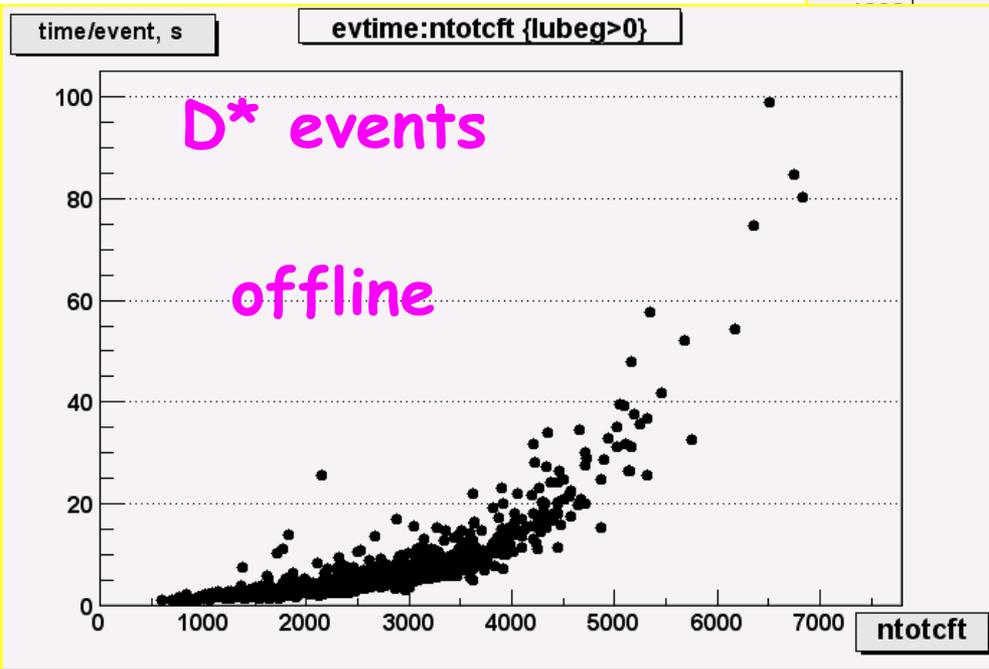
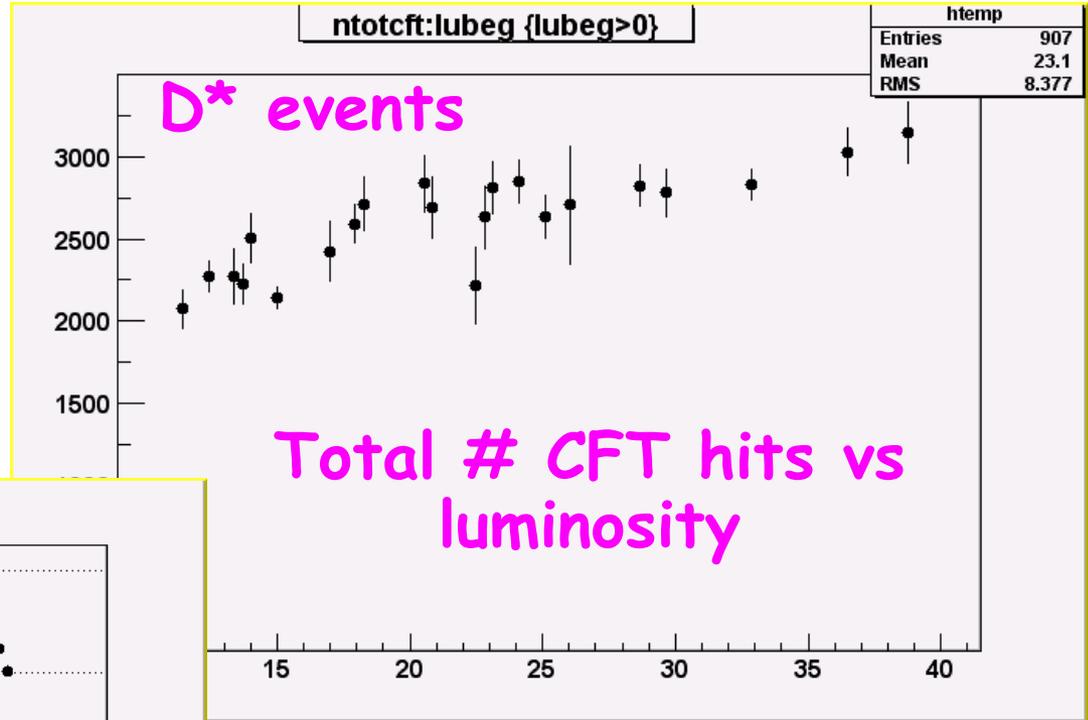
Total # of CFT clusters





# Cut on total # of CFT clusters?

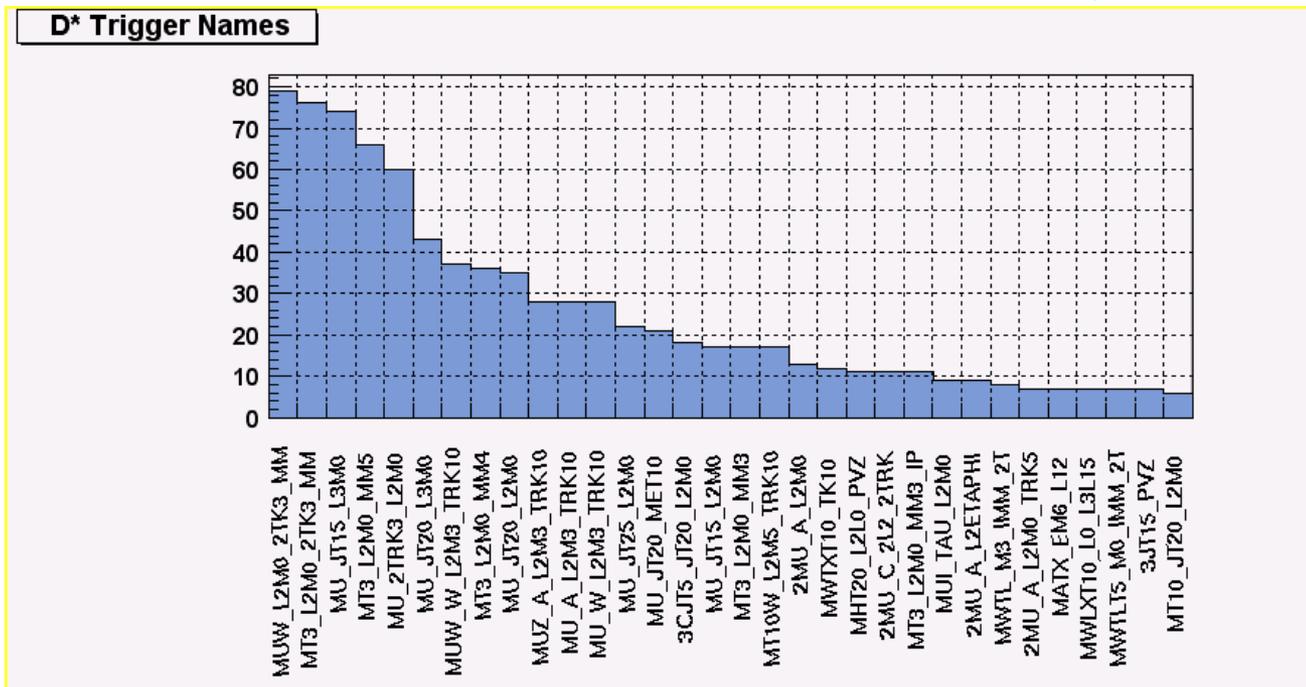
- Will help if there are CPU time issues at Level3 for large # of CFT clusters





# D\* triggers in v12

- Find D\* in variety of muon triggers
- CTT triggers are ones of the best
  - ♦ Note that MT3\_L2M0\_MM4(3) are prescaled (very prescaled)
- Note that this is averaged over many runs





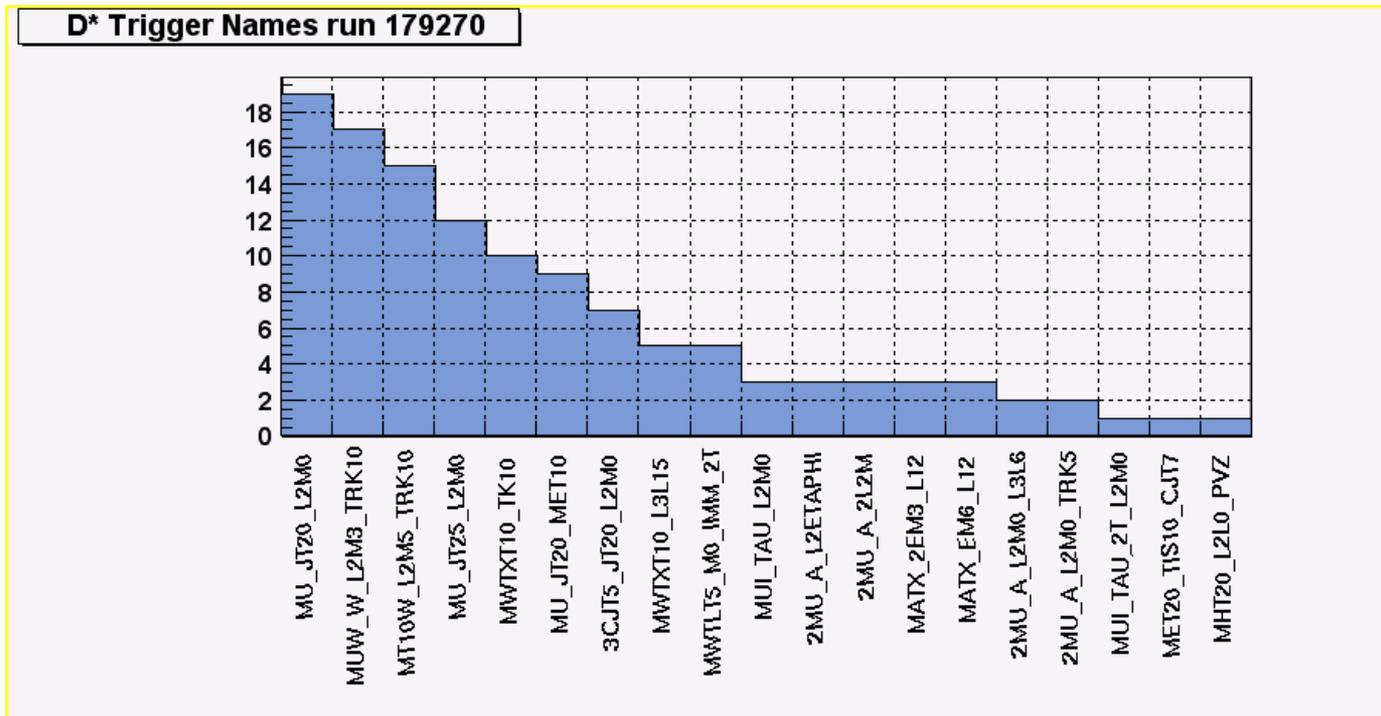
# Correlation of D\* triggers

- Matrix of correlations for 13 best triggers

D* Trigger Names													
MU_JT25_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_MET10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_W_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_A_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUZ_A_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MT3_L2M0_MM5	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MT3_L2M0_2TK3_MM	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUW_W_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_2TRK3_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_L3M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUW_L2M0_2TK3_MM	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT15_L3M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT15_L3M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUW_L2M0_2TK3_MM	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_L3M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUW_W_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_2TRK3_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MUZ_A_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_A_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_W_L2M3_TRK10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT20_MET10	<input type="checkbox"/>												
MU_JT25_L2M0	<input type="checkbox"/>												

# DO What triggers $D^*$ at high lumi?

- Run 179270 (initial lumi 44  $10E30$ )
- Found 90  $D^*/\text{pb}^{-1}$  in this run
  - ◆ Average  $\sim 75 D^*/\text{pb}^{-1}$  for luminosity  $> 30 10E30$ 
    - ▲ compared to  $\sim 200$  at low luminosity  $\Rightarrow$  loose 65% of signal!
  - ◆ Most of signal comes from muon+jet and muon+stiff track triggers





# Summary on $D^*$

- Clean  $D^*$  sample is handy to study B-triggers
- A variety of muon triggers contribute to the signal
- At high lumi  $D^*$  yield is strangled by prescales
  - ◆ Loose factor of  $\sim 3$  in  $D^*$  yield, the same factor can be propagated to most of other semileptonic channels

**Bs mixing is statistically limited - we need those B's!**

- L3 Z fiducial and # of CFT clusters cuts will be efficient to signal